

世界グリーンビルディング協会

100 のグリーンビルディング協議会(GBCs)

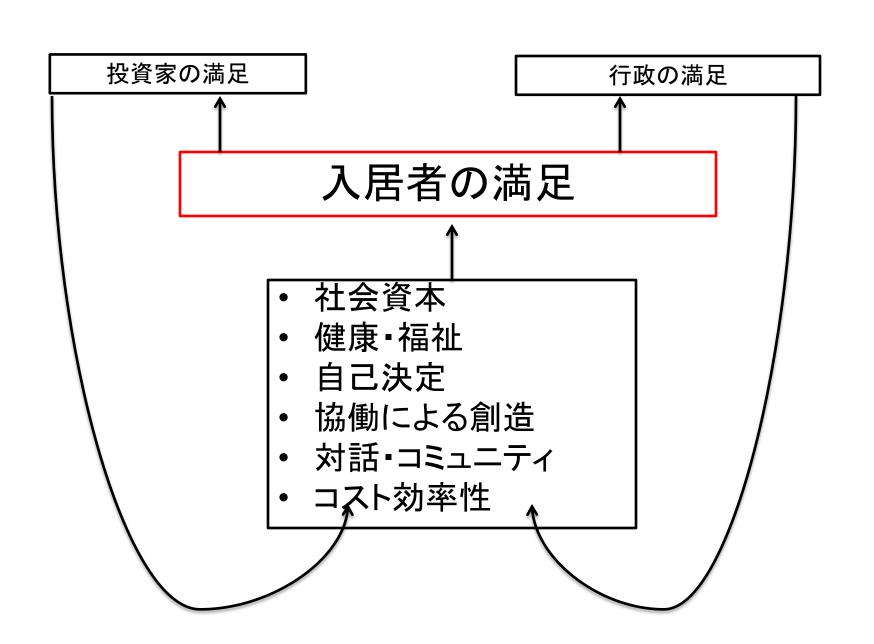




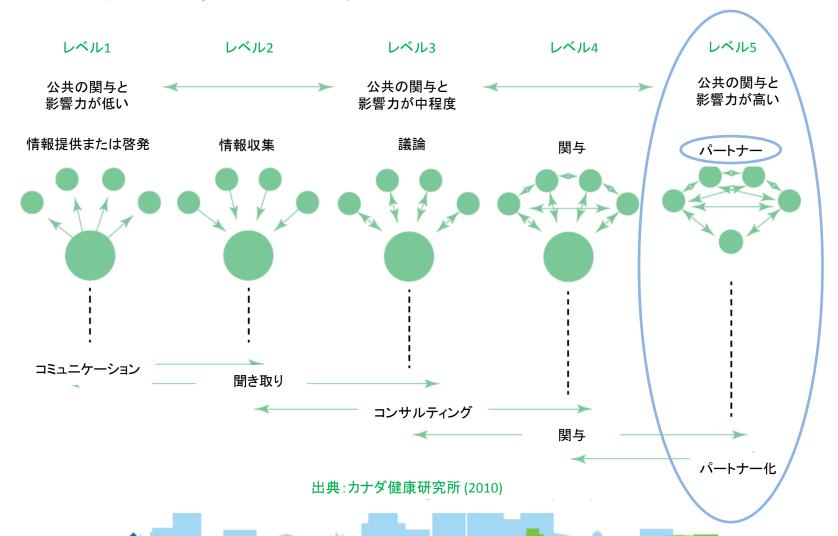
アジア太平洋ネットワーク、ジャカルタ、2014年5月

「持続可能性は、長年にわたる協力関係から生まれるものです。」



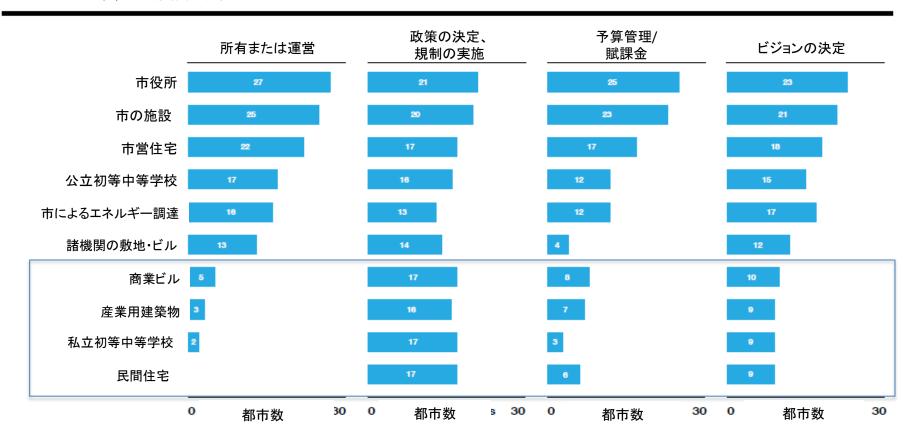


ステークホルダーへのアプローチ



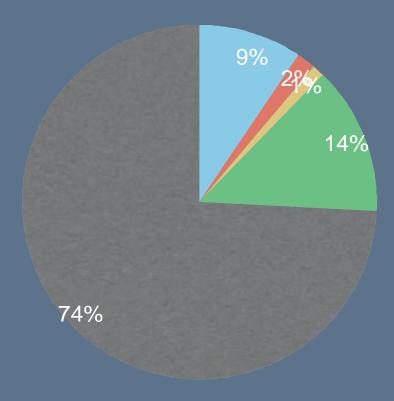
市長の権限: 既存のビル

図 2.4 C40 市長の権限: 既存のビル



出所: C40-Arup 研究:: 大都市における気候変動対策

エネルギーのみに留まらない大きな機会



■エネルギー ■ 排出量 ■ 水/廃棄物 ■ 維持管理 ■ 生産性/健康

出所: Capital E、グリーンビルディングのコストおよび財政上の利益、カリフォルニア州持続可能建築物タスクフォースへの報告書、2003年10月

協同行動



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WORLD GREEN BUILDING COUNCIL



THIRD SECTOR / CIVIL SOCIETY

Involve other NGOs and set up clear channels of communication with other stakeholders Set up transparent aims with potential competitor organizations

Engage with the demand side

Key Principles for Collaborative Policy-Making

Working with governments and other stakeholders on public policy for a more sustainable built is an integral part of what many GBCs do.

The steps and advice detailed below are taken from WorldGBC's report A New Era in Building Partnerships, and aim to provide a blueprint or 'checklist' for GBCs who are setting up collaboration partnerships to solve public policy issues with their governments and communities. Explore the clicking on each principle and see Case Studies on how other GBCs have applied these princip practice.



SCOPING THE ISSUE

Avoid overlap with existing work

Reach out to the global network of GBCs



STAKEHOLDER MAPPING AND ENGAGEMENT

INDUSTRY

Balance breadth with practicalities

Ensure you have the right people from the right organizations

Create valuable networking opportunities for participants

Consider the role of the financial community

GOVERNMENT

Involve government early on

Make the link from national to local

Collaborative Policy Making CASE STUDY: DENMARK



Network for Energy Retrofit

MISSION: Mobilizing a national energy renovation strat TIMELINE: September 2012 – May 2013



How did around 200 stakeholders agree on a catalogue of policy recommendations that will help strategically improve energy reductions in Denmark's existing buildings?

The 2012 Danish Energy Agreement aims to ensure Denmark's entire energy supply - electricity, heating, industry and transport - is covered by renewable energy in 2050.

The control of the control of

Energy efficiency improvements are crucial if Denmark is to reach this vision. Recognizing the opportunities within the built environment, the Agreement requires a comprehensive strategy for reduction of energy consumption in existing Danish building actick to be put in place by the end of 2013.

To gain knowledge, ideas and experiences from those involved in the building industry, Denmark's Minister for Climate, Energy and Construction, Martin Lidepard, established a Network for Energy Retrofit in September 2012. This Network includes 45 key requisitions, with ohise in turn invited further stakeholders, resulting in around 200 participating organizations, including Denmark's Green Building Council.

Participants are divided into four working groups dealing with different building typologies: single family houses; flats, public buildings, and commercial buildings. You forther working groups are examining cross-cutting issues: financing and economic security, and involvation and green buildnesses.

The Network has undertaken a series of meetings and conferences, during which participants created an 'Initiative Catalogue' of draft policy recommendations to promote and improve energy reductions in existing buildings. This catalogue was preserred to the Minister at the end of May 201 and will, as we as number of nankyes, form the basis for the strategy for reduction of energy consumption in existing buildings that the Ministry for Energy, Climute and Construction will present by the end of 2013.

INTERVIEW





WHERE DID THE IDEA FOR THE NETWORK COME FROM?

for the Network model came from the Danish smart grid network, which was successfully created two years ago when key players were invited to develop recommendations for a national smart grid strategy. This strategy was launched recently and has been very successful, with support from both industry and government.

At first, we were a little concerned about the idea of a Networ for Energy Retrofit, because there are so many stakeholder in this field. The smart grid stakeholders are fewer and mor alike, unlike the field of energy efficiency which has so man

THE 'UNUSUAL SUSPECTS'

ntify and involve the unusual suspects



CREATING A COMMON MISSION

ve an organizational vision, but be flexible

ep it simple and focused - talk common objectives and broad principles, not details

ow time for participants to have their say

derstand your audience and tailor communications

sure good quality and objective research/data plays a central role

cus on communications - the look and feel of an initiative



STRUCTURING THE PLATFORM

in place enough structure to ensure effective governance, but not ineffective

nsider the need for dedicated human resource

oup participants appropriately, ensuring strengths are built on



DELIVERING SOLUTIONS

Keep timelines focused and create targets

Embed monitoring

www.worldgbc.org